Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number:	GA-585, QA-485
Name: 17016/MD2130	VER PARONNS PARANCH
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The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridge received the following determination of eligibility.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST Eligibility Recommended Eligibility Not RecommendedX									
Criteria:ABC	D Considerations: _	A	B_	C _	D _	E_	F	_GN	one
Comments:									
Reviewer, OPS:_Anne E. Bruder_		Date:3 April 2001							
Reviewer, NR Program:Peter E			Date	e:3	April 2	2001_			

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MHT Number-QA-585

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Historic Bridge Inventory Maryland State Highway Administration Maryland Historical Trust

Name and SHA No. 17016 over Browns Branch

Location: Street/Road Name and Number: MD 213 over Browns Branch
City/Town: Church Hill Vicinity X
County: Queen Anne's
Ownership: X_StateCountyMunicipalOther
This bridge projects over:RoadRailway_X_WaterLand
Is the bridge located within a designated district:yes_X_no
NR listed districtNR determined eligible districtlocally designatedother Name of District
Bridge Type:
Timber BridgeBeam BridgeTruss-CoveredTrestleTimber-and-Concrete
Stone Arch
Metal Truss
Movable BridgeSwingBascule Single Leaf_Bascule Multiple LeafVertical Lift_Retractile_Pontoon
X Metal Girder X Rolled GirderRolled Girder Concrete Encased Plate GirderPlate Girder Concrete Encased
Metal Suspension
Metal Arch

Metal Cantilever	
X Concrete Concrete ArchConcrete Slab_X_ConcreteRigid FrameOther Type Name	e Beam

Description:

Describe Setting:

Bridge No. 17016 carries MD Rte 213 north-south over Brown's Branch in Queen Anne's County, Maryland. The approaches roadways are generally straight with a slight curve on the southern approach. There are W-beam guardrails on the approaches. The area around the bridge is heavily wooded and rural.

Describe Superstructure and Substructure:

Bridge No. 17016 was originally constructed as a 2-span reinforced concrete girder bridge. It was subsequently widened on both sides with single-span steel beams. To accomplish this, only the abutments were extended, the pier was unaltered. Each span is 16' long for a total length of 32'. The bridge is supported by one reinforced concrete pier and two reinforced concrete abutments, and concrete wingwalls. W-beam guardrails are attached to the bridge.

Deterioration to the substructure includes full height cracks in the abutments. Concrete surfaces of the pier have scale 1/2" deep on both faces. The eastern widened portion of the north abutment has rotated forward 1' at the top of the breastwall. It appears that this differentiation occurred at the construction joint was routed and filled.

Discuss Major Alterations:

The bridge deck was widened by adding steel beams, and by widening the abutments.

History:

When Built: Bridge widened in 1954 Why Built: Local transportation needs

Who Built: Unknown

Why Altered: Bridge widening

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign: Yes, it was built as part of the statewide road improvement campaign.

Surveyor Analysis:

This	bridge	may	have	NR	significance	for	association	with:
	A]	Event	ts _	_Per	rson			

__C Engineering/Architectural

Was this bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history:

No, this bridge was not constructed in response to significant events in Maryland and local history.

When the bridge was built and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

No, the construction and/or alteration of this bridge has had no significant impact on the growth and development of the area.

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation and would the bridge add to or detract from historic and visual character of the possible district?

No, this bridge is not located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

No, this bridge is not a significant example of its type.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

No, this bridge does not retain the integrity of its primary character defining elements. Both the superstructure and the substructure have been heavily modified to widen the bridge.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made and Why?

No further study of this bridge is warranted. This bridge does not retain its integrity as defined by the Context Addendum, it is not a unique engineering achievement, nor does it have an historical significance, and it is not eligible for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places.

Bibliography:

Greiner, Inc.

1995 Maryland Inventory of Historic Bridges.

Lamb, Francis

1877 Atlas of Kent and Queen Anne's County.

Spero, P.A.C. & Company, and Louis Berger & Associates

1994 Historic Bridges in Maryland: Historic Bridge Context.

State Highway Administration

v.d. Bridge Inspection files.

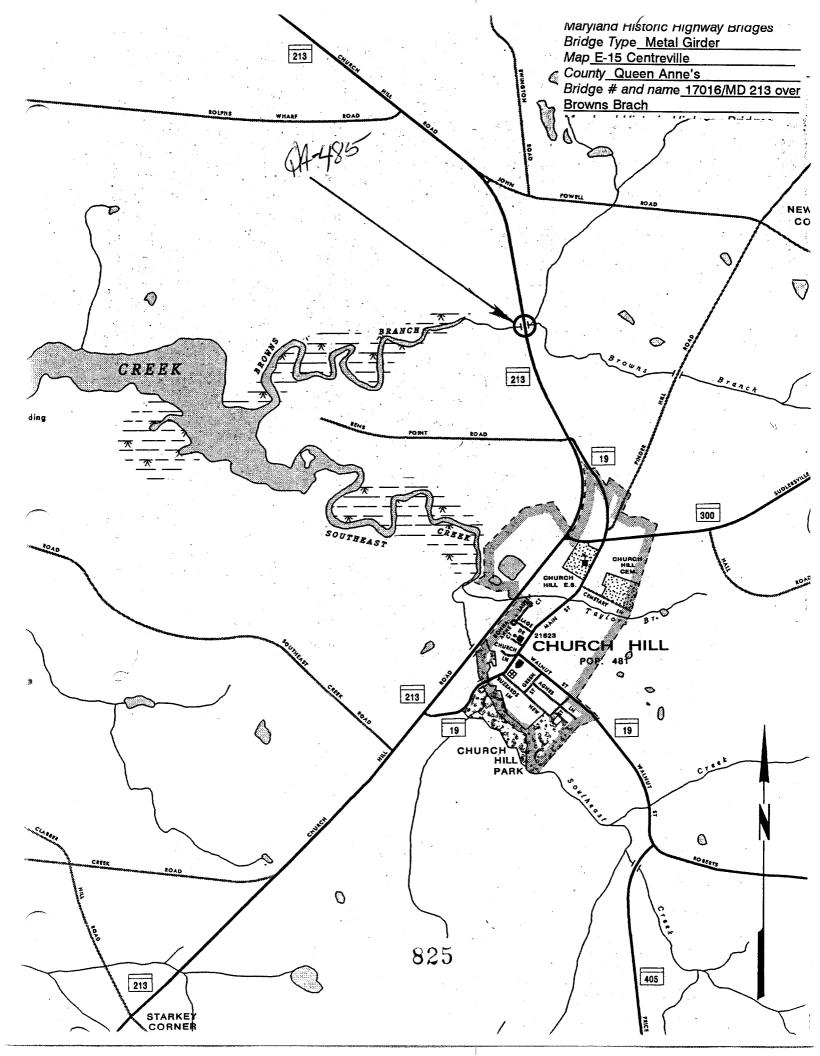
United States Geological Survey

1958 7.5' Church Hill Quadrangle, photorevised 1973.

United States Geological Survey 1905 15' Barclay Quadrangle.

Surveyor:

Name: Jason D. Moser Date: September 1995
Organization: State Highway Admin, Telephone: (410) 321-2213
Address: 2323 West Joppa Road Brooklandville, MD 21022





CH-485

CHEEN ANDES COUNTY

MATT HICKSON

3-10-95

MARCHAND SHO SHA

SELVER 17016, LOOKING SOUTH

10F4



QUEEN ANNES COUTY

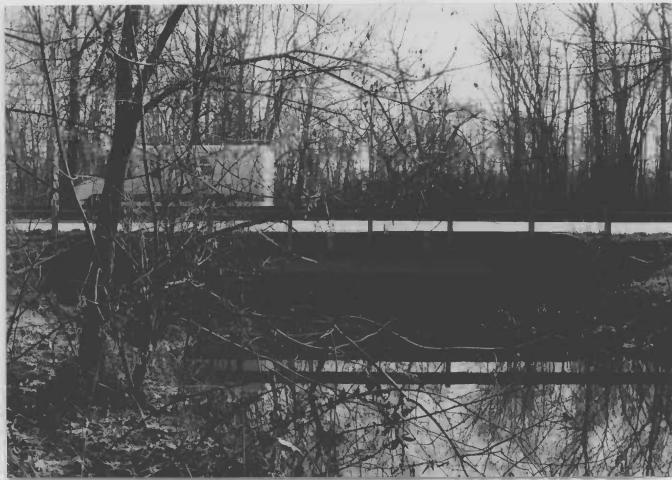
MATT HICHSON

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OA-485

QUEEN ANNES COUNTY

MATT HICKSON

3-16-95

MATTHAN SHOO SHA

BRIDGE 17016 LOOKING UPSKENN (FAST)



QUEEN ATTES COUSTY

MATT HICKSON

3-10-95

MARYLAND SHED SLIA

BRIDGE 14016, LOOKING DOWNSTREAM (WEST)

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